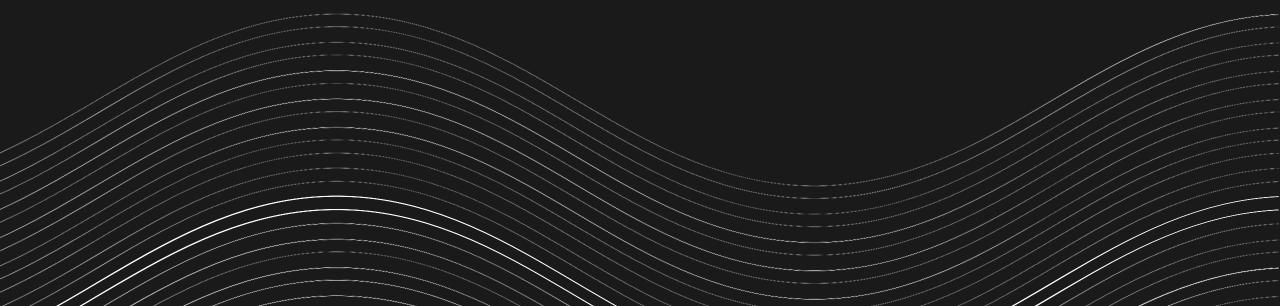
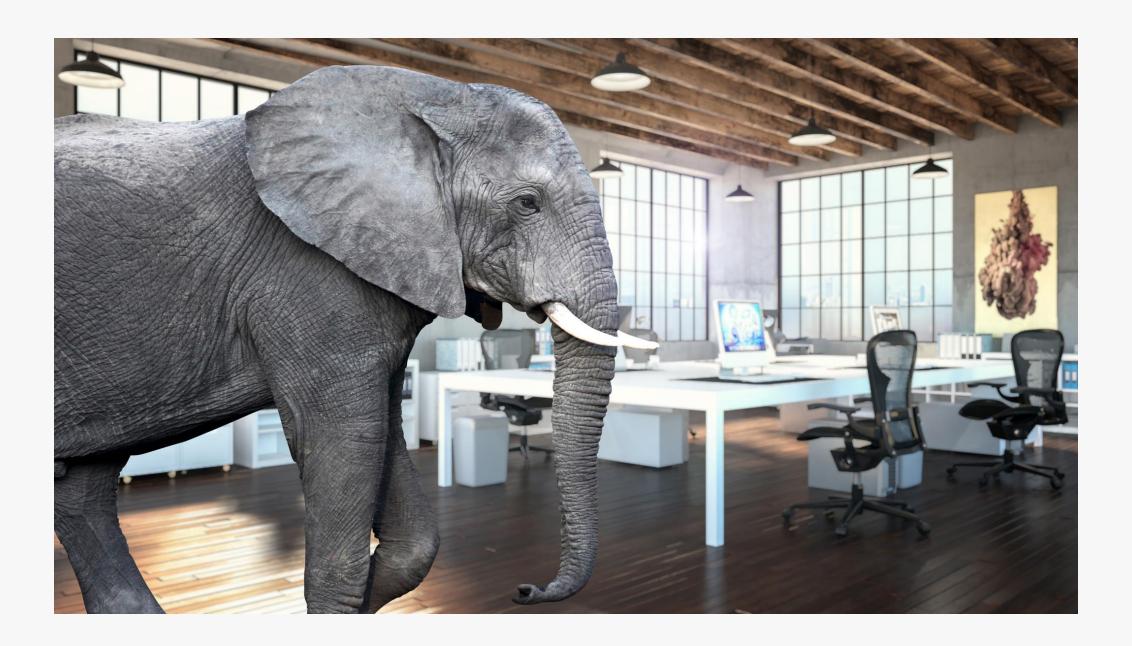
SOUNDS LIKE A THEM PROBLEM, NOT A ME PROBLEM: PERCEIVED RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY OF FRENCH IMMERSION TEACHERS



NATIONAL TABLE FOR FRENCH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE (NTFSL)

Sarah Fedoration





WHAT DOES THE RESEARCH SAY?

The teacher's level of language proficiency is essential because language and content are taught simultaneously.

(Blaser, 2008; Chambless, 2012; Faez & Karas, 2019; Richards, 2010; Roy, 2017)

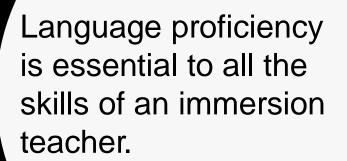
A teacher's level of language proficiency has an impact on his or her sense of self-efficacy.

(Chacòn, 2005; Nayernia & Babayan, 2019)

 Continuous development of language proficiency is important for all language teachers.

(Fortune, 2012; Fraga-Canadas, 2010; Nugroho, 2018; Peyton, 1997)

RESEARCH GAP

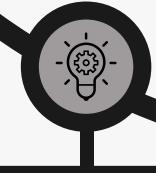


(Blaser, 2008; Chambless, 2012; Faez & Karas, 2019; Richards, 2010; Roy, 2017)

At the national level, there are concerns about the language proficiency of immersion teachers.

(ACPI, 2018)

MY STUDY



System Knowledge



Beliefs about Language Proficiency



Perceived Responsibilities

THE CONTEXT



WHERE?

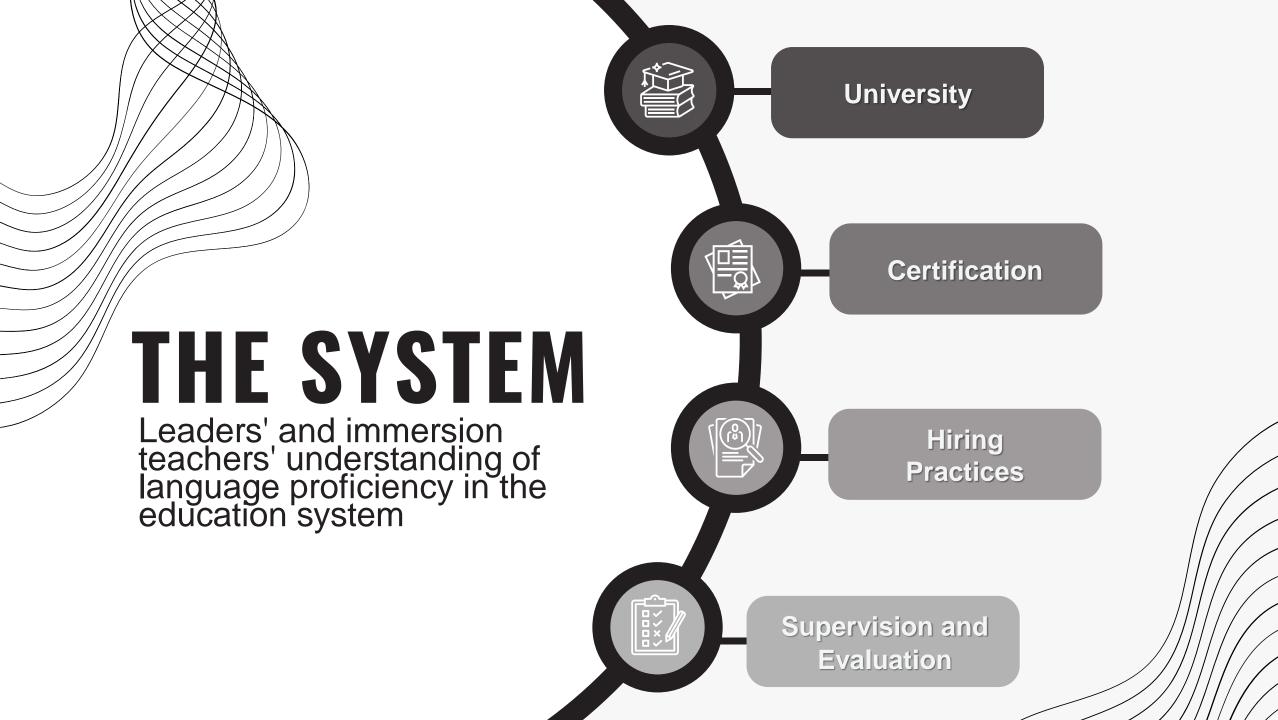
An urban school division



WHO?

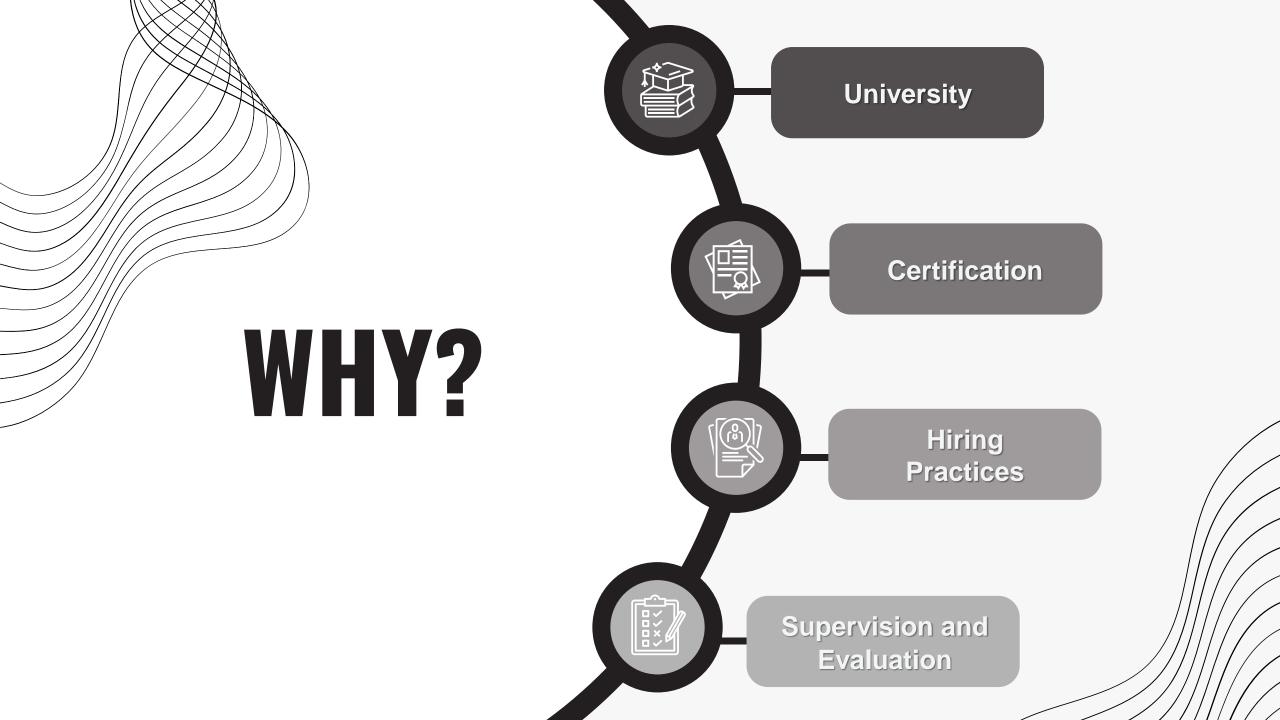
Leaders and teachers

(n = 34 leaders, n = 128 teachers)



WHAT DO THE DATA SUGGEST?

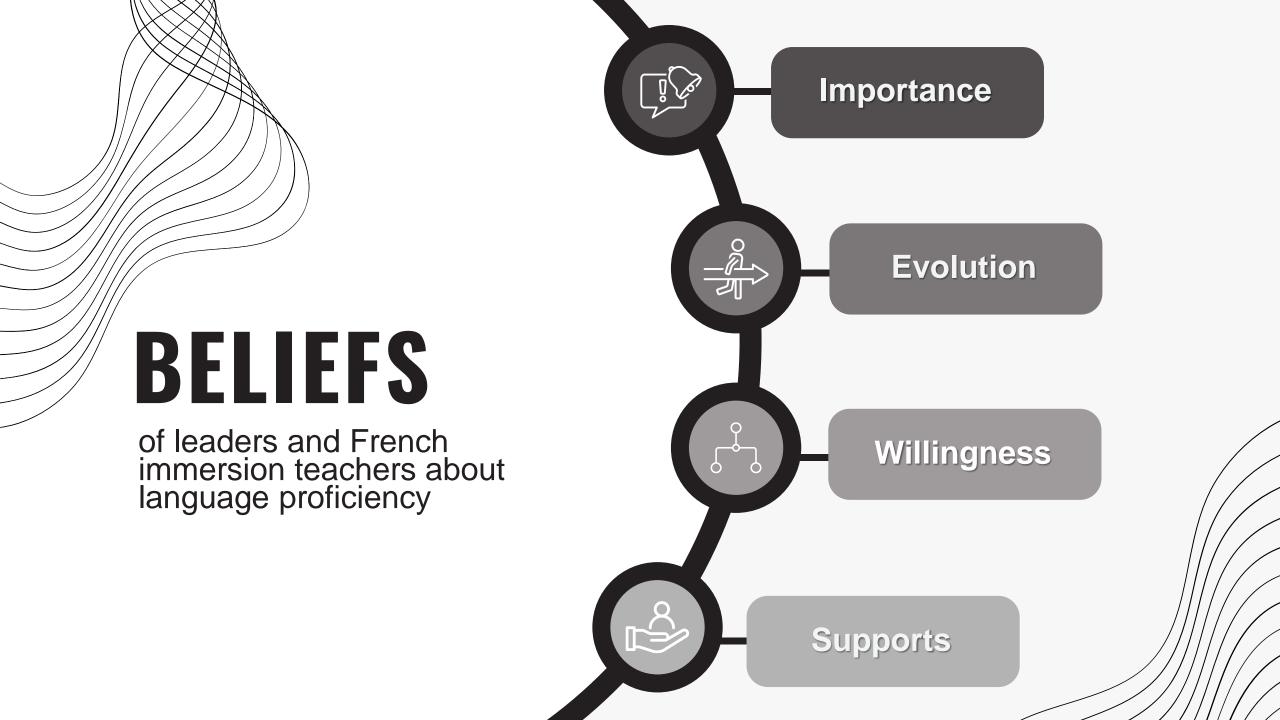
It is necessary to develop a common understanding of the requirements for language proficiency.



THE CONSEQUENCES

Its absence...

- creates ambiguity, variability and confusion.
- create assumptions.
- responsibility for language proficiency is "dealt with" by someone else.



WHAT DO THE DATA SUGGEST?

Leaders and teachers have different perceptions of teachers' language proficiency and its ongoing development.

IMPORTANCE OF LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY

ITEM	% LEADERS	% TEACHERS
Importance of language proficiency		
Strongly agree	65	54
Agree	29	39
	94%	93%

60% OF TEACHERS

would consider participating if the opportunities were...

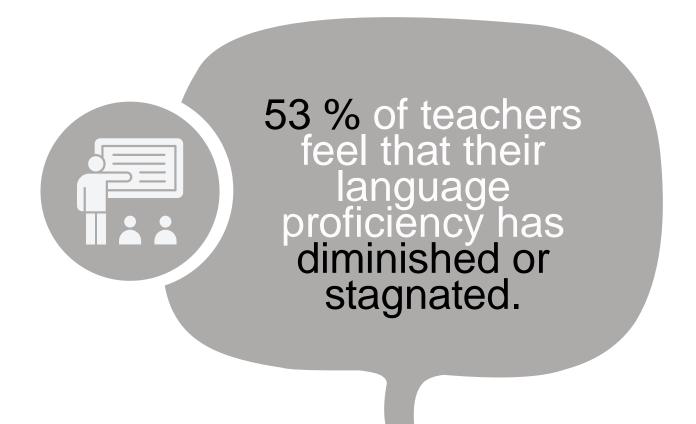
FREE

ADAPTED TO THEIR NEEDS

DURING WORK HOURS

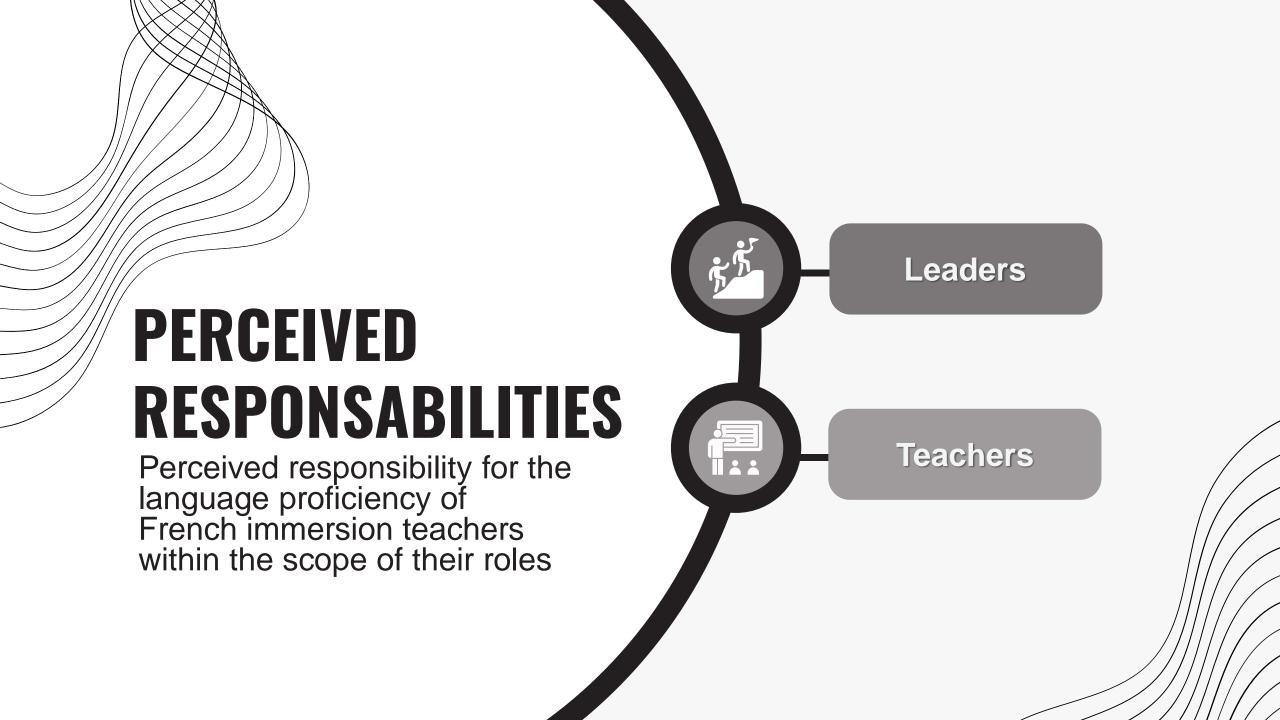


TEACHER PERCEPTION OF THE EVOLUTION OF THEIR LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY



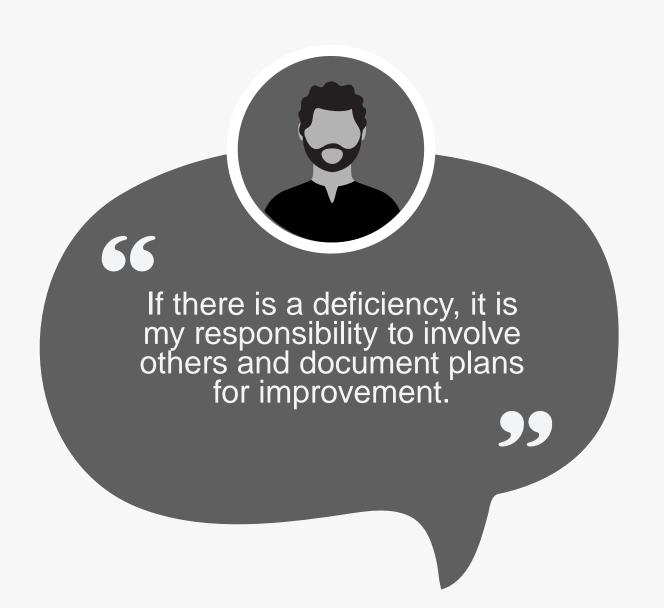
ONGOING DEVELOPMENT OF LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY

ITEM	% LEADERS	% TEACHERS
Expected outside school hours		
Strongly agree	21	20
Agree	62	15
	83%	35%

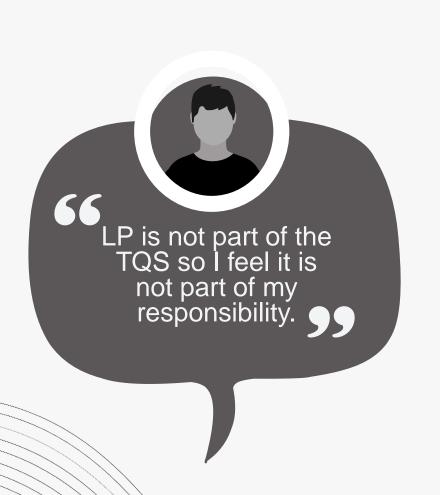




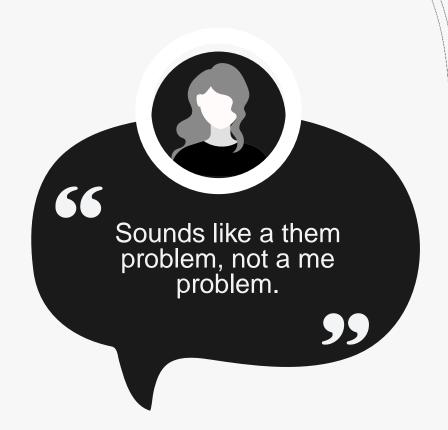
SUPERVISION & EVALUATION



SUPERVISION & EVALUATION

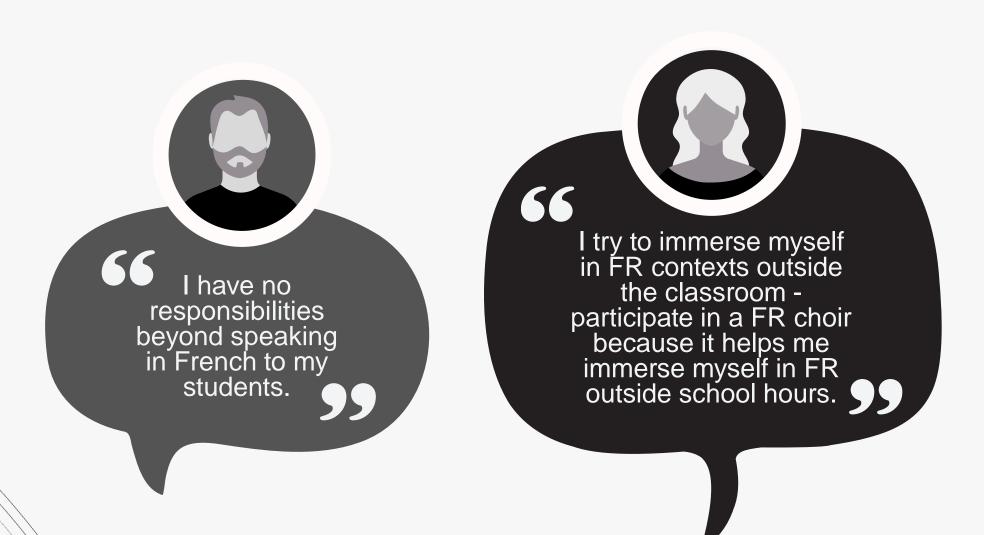






WHAT TEACHERS SAID

MAINTAIN & IMPROVE



TEACHING PRACTICES



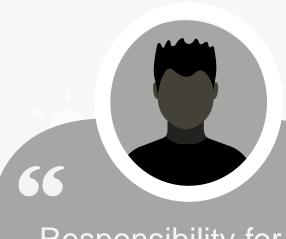
Adapting TLP to the level of students, accessing resources at appropriate levels, learning subject-specific vocabulary, always speaking in French, ensuring the accuracy of oral and written language, and being a language role model.



NO RESPONSABILITY



My responsibilities are subject specific and therefore language proficiency is not my responsibility.



Responsibility for my language proficiency does not fall on me.

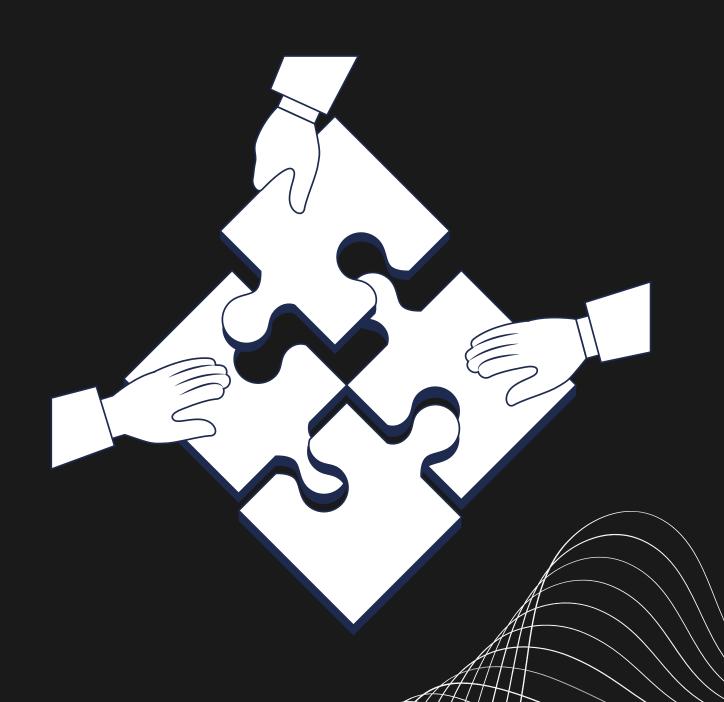
99

OBSTACLES



At the end of the day, I am so tired that I have no desire to do more work to practice my language skills. I have too much work as a teacher to make it [language proficiency] a priority.

CONCLUSIONS



We need to ensure that language proficiency requirements are consistent at every level of the education system, and that the target is clear to all.

As language proficiency evolves, teachers need opportunities to continue developing their language skills.

Because of the vital role played by language proficiency, we need to see it as a shared responsibility that is articulated and implemented consistently throughout the system.

Thank you!

